## The Family Surgery

Dr R Caudwell Dr S Biswas

Practice Management Nicole Marshall Kelly Riley-Bridges



107 Liverpool Road Birkdale Southport PR8 4DB

Tel: 01704 566646 Fax: 01704 550858

## Privacy Notice – Care Quality Commission

Plain English explanation		
and So that sat activitie as requ for insta	cial Care Act. The CQC fe care is provided. The es in a rolling 5 year pro iring The Family Surge ance following a signific	a (CQC) is an organisation established in English law by the Health C is the regulator for English health and social care services to ensure by inspect and produce reports on all English general practice ogram. The law allows CQC to access identifiable patient data as well ery to share certain types of data with them in certain circumstances, cant safety incident. e CQC see: <u>http://www.cqc.org.uk</u>
1)	Data Controller contact details	The Family Surgery 107 Liverpool Road Birkdale Southport PR8 4DB
2)	Data Protection Officer contact details	Mr Umar Sabat dpo.swl@nhs.net
3)	Purpose of the processing	Doctors have a professional responsibility to share data in emergencies to protect their patients or other persons. Often in emergency situations the patient is unable to provide consent.
4)	Lawful basis for processing	This is a Direct Care purpose. There is a specific legal justification; Article 6(1)(d) "processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person" And Article 9(2)(c) "processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent" Or alternatively Article 9(2)(h) 'necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services"
5)	Recipient or categories of recipients of the shared data	The data will be shared with Healthcare professionals and other workers in emergency and out of hours services and at local hospitals, diagnostic and treatment centres. (if preferred list actual named services)

6) Rights to object	You have the right to object to some or all of the information being shared with the recipients. You also have the right to have an "Advance Directive" placed in your records and brought to the attention of relevant healthcare workers or staff.
7) Right to access and correct	You have the right to access the data that is being shared and have any inaccuracies corrected. There is no right to have accurate medical records deleted except when ordered by a court of Law. If we share or process your data in an emergency when you have not been able to consent, we will notify you at the earliest opportunity.
8) Retention period	The data will be retained in line with the law and national guidance
9) Right to Complain	You have the right to complain to the Information Commissioner's Office, you can use this link <u>https://ico.org.uk/global/contact-us/</u> or calling their helpline Tel: 0303 123 1113 (local rate) or 01625 545 745 (national rate) There are National Offices for Scotland, Northern Ireland and Wales, (see ICO website)

\* "Common Law Duty of Confidentiality", common law is not written out in one document like an Act of Parliament. It is a form of law based on previous court cases decided by judges; hence, it is also referred to as 'judge-made' or case law. The law is applied by reference to those previous cases, so common law is also said to be based on precedent.

The general position is that if information is given in circumstances where it is expected that a duty of confidence applies, that information cannot normally be disclosed without the information provider's consent.

In practice, this means that all patient information, whether held on paper, computer, visually or audio recorded, or held in the memory of the professional, must not normally be disclosed without the consent of the patient. It is irrelevant how old the patient is or what the state of their mental health is; the duty still applies.

Three circumstances making disclosure of confidential information lawful are:

- where the individual to whom the information relates has consented;
- where disclosure is in the public interest; and
- where there is a legal duty to do so, for example a court order.

## Please note the National Data Opt Out does not apply to this sharing of information. For further information please see: <u>https://www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters/</u>

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